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Paper - 5 : Strategic Management, Alliances and International Trade

Chapter - 2: Environmental Scanning and Internal Appraisal Analysis 2009 - Dec [1] (a) "Organisations are becoming more responsive, flexible and adaptable to changing business situation". Comment with example. (5 marks) (c) Discuss Porter's Five Forces Model of industry analysis. (5 marks) Chapter - 3: Planning and Formulation

2009 - Dec [1](b) IOC Ltd. has changed its vision statement to capture the collective aspirations of its stakeholders to create a 'shared vision' rather than 'vision shared', Comment. (5 marks)

(d) Describe the main approaches to evaluation of strategic alternatives.

(5 marks)

Chapter - 6: Risk Management

2009 - Dec [2] Read the following extract from the annual report of Sterlite Industries (India) Ltd. and answer the questions given at the end :

"Our business and operations are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which are no different from any other company in general and our competitors in particular. Risks are identified through a formal risk management programme with the active involvement of business managers and senior management personnel at both the subsidiary level as well as the corporate level. Each significant risk has an 'owner' within the group at a senior level, and the impact to the group, if a risk materialises and its likelihood of crystallization is regularly reviewed. A risk register and matrix is maintained, which is regularly updated in consultation with business managers. The risk management process is coordinated by our management assurance function and is regularly reviewed by our Audit Committee. Key business decisions are discussed at the monthly meetings of the Executive Committee and senior managers address risk management issues when presenting initiatives to the Executive Committee. The overall internal control environment and risk management programme is reviewed by our Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of directors.

The areas identified for risk management by the company include Treasury Management; Commodity Risks; Political, Legal, Economic and Regulatory Risks; Ore Reserves and Resources; Delivery of expansion projects on time and within budget: ASSET use and Insurance; Safety, Health and Environment Risks; Operational Risks; Financial Risks; Liquidity; Foreign Currency; Interest Risks; Counterparty Risks; and Employees.

During the year 2008-09 the world witnessed several mine closures, production cutbacks and deferral of projects. Despite such negative market sentiments and a depressed outlook for demand, we remain focused on our basic objectives of achieving a least-cost position and developing low capital cost projects on or ahead of schedule and within budgets. Thus the year 2009-10 augurs well'. Ouestions —

- (i) What is risk management?
- (ii) What are the major steps in risk management process?
- (iii) Who is responsible for putting in place risk management process?
- (iv) What is the risk management style in the company?
- (v) What could be the possible reasons to have negligible provision for bad and doubtful debts? (4 marks each)

Chapter - 7: Management Information System

2009 - Dec [3] (a) Critically examine the major characteristics of Information Systems (IS). (8 marks)

(b) In the context of Management Information Systems (MIS), state, with reasons in brief, whether the following statements are correct or incorrect:

- (i) Study of MIS is about the use of computers.
- (ii) More data in reports means more information for managers.
- (iii) Accuracy in reporting is of vital importance.
- (iv) Strategic information meets information requirements of the top management. (2 marks each)

Chapter - 8: Internal Control Systems

2009 - Dec [3] (c) "Internal control can provide only reasonable, but not absolute assurance that the objectives are achieved". Critically examine the statement with four inherent limitations of internal control systems.

(4 marks)

Chapter - 9: Nature and Scope of Strategic Alliances

2009 - Dec [4] (a) Explain whether every technical collaboration is a strategic
alliance.(5 marks)(b) Explain briefly the various types of strategic alliances.(5 marks)

Chapter - 10 : Foreign Collaborations and Joint Ventures

2009 - Dec [4] (c) What are the advantages of a technical collaboration? (5 marks)

(d) What are the important factors for the success of a technical collaboration? (5 marks)

2009 - Dec [5] Modern Pharmaceuticals Ltd., India (hereinafter called the First Party), is entering into a joint-venture agreement with Afro-Drugs;

Nigeria (hereinafter called the Second Party) to incorporate a new company in India for setting-up a pharmaceutical manufacturing project. In this context, answer the following:

(a) What is the nature of the joint-venture project? (5 marks)

(b) Draft the following clauses to be included in the joint-venture agreement/articles of association of the new company:

- (i) Allotment of shares to the First Party and Second Party with lock-in period
- (ii) Suitable restrictions on the transfer of shares during the lock-in period.
- (iii) Exit route.
- (iv) Right to first refusal in case any party decides to exit.
- (v) Arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration.

(3 marks each)

Chapter - 11: International Trade and Treaties

2009 - Dec [6] Write notes on the following

- (i) Controversy on Regional Free Trade Agreements.
- (ii) Advantages of India joining the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN).(5 marks each)

Chapter - 12: World Trade Organisation (WTO)

2009 - Dec [6] Write notes on the following

- (iii) Main objectives of the World Trade Organisation (WTO).
- (iv) Rules of origin. (5 marks each)

2009 - Dec [7] (a) Prepare an executive note for the Director (R&D) explainingthe roles and functions of the Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual PropertyRights (TRIPS), World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO) and PatentCooperation Treaty (PCT).(10 marks)

2009 - Dec [8] Attempt the following:

- (ii) Explain the 'principle of distortion'.
- (iii) "Presently Indian exporters are facing non-tariff barriers and quantitative restrictions from the European Union facing economic slowdown". In this context, distinguish between the 'non-tariff barriers' and 'quantitative restrictions'. (4 marks)
- (v) The European Union has registered complaint with the WTO that India is restricting import of foreign liquor by imposing very high duties. Comment on the Indian plea that sale of liquor in India is a State subject.

Chapter - 14: Anti-dumping Duties

2009 - Dec [8] Attempt the following:

- (i) Explain 'domestic industry' in the context of dumped goods.(4 marks)
- (iv) The Indian manufacturers of industrial goods and chemicals have complained to the Director General of Safeguard, Ministry of Finance, about heavy losses suffered by them due to cheap import of industrial goods and chemicals from China. State whether the Director General of Safeguard should exercise total control over import of industrial goods and chemicals or impose import duties on the imported industrial goods and chemicals. (4 marks)
- (vi) US has imposed a 98.4% anti-dumping duty against the Chinese imports of steel pipes, besides additional countervailing duties to offset the subsidies given by China on steel pipes. What remedy is available to China? (4 marks)

Chapter - 16: Settlement of Disputes under World Trade Organisation 2009 - Dec [6] Write notes on the following

(v) Dispute Settlement System - rules-based or justice-based. (5 marks)
 2009 - Dec [7] (b) Briefly explain the dispute settlement procedure of the WTO with particular reference to dispute settlement body and provision for appeal and decision-making process. (10 marks)

Paper - 6 : Advanced Tax Laws and Practice

Chapter - 2: Companies under Income Tax Laws

2009 - Dec [2] (b) Modern Ltd. entered into an agreement with Synergy Ltd. for granting on lease to Synergy Ltd. its 8000 sq. mtrs. land lying vacant adjacent to the factory premises of Synergy Ltd. for a period of 12 years commencing from May,1996. Under the terms of the agreement, Synergy Ltd. had to build a factory building, pay an annual rent @Rs.100 per sq. mtr. of the leased land of 8,000 sq. mtrs. and surrender the building to Modern Ltd. at the

(4 marks)

end of the lease without any consideration. Synergy Ltd. complied with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement.

The depreclated value of the building surrendered and taken possession by Modern Ltd. in May, 2008 was Rs.4,22 crore. Accounts department of Modern Ltd. is of the opinion that an equivalent amount is to be taken in the accounts of the year 2008-09 as income received.

Critically examine the matter and offer your comments. (3 marks) (c) "Mona Industries Ltd. had incurred substantial expenditure on foreign tours undertaken by the Chairman and Managing Director for setting-up of two new factories. The amount was claimed as a business expenditure." Comment.

(3 marks)

Chapter - 3: Tax Planning

2009 - Dec [1] (c) Examine whether the following are 'assets' under the provisions of the Wealth-tax Act,1957 :

- (i) A commercial complex.
- (ii) A building occupied by the assessee for business purposes.
- (iii) Aircrafts owned and used by the assessee for business purposes.
- (iv) Land owned by the assessee situated outside a municipality but within a notified area.
- (v) Jewellery, bullion and utensils made of precious metals.

(1 mark each)

2009 - Dec [3] (a) A new 100% deduction has been introduced recently to encourage the business of operating and maintaining hospitals located anywhere in India, other than excluded areas, subject to specified conditions. Explain briefly those conditions. (5 marks)

Chapter - 4: Tax Management

2009 - Dec [2] (d) "Under certain circumstances, the Commissioner of Incometax cannot revise the order of his subordinate authority under section 264." Explain. (3 marks)

2009 - Dec [3] (b) "The Assessing Officer has no power to make adjustment of any kind to income returned by an assessee at the time of processing the return of income under section143(1)." Critically examine the statement.

(5 marks)

2009 - Dec [3] (c) State the procedure to be followed in the following cases :(i) Company seeks relaxation for admission of time-barred claims.

(2 marks)

(ii) Company seeks the return of books seized in the course of search made under section 132. (3 marks)

Chapter - 5: Introduction

2009 - Dec [6](c) "With the advent of VAT regime, the multiplicity of rates prevalent till then has been reduced to four broad categories." Elucidate.

(5 marks)

Chapter - 6: Central Excise Laws

2009 - Dec [4] {**C**} (c) Discuss the essential ingredients of the concept of 'manufacture' under the Central Excise Act, 1944 and as outlined by the Supreme Court in *Union of India vs. Delhi Cloth and General Mills and others*. (5 marks)

2009 - Dec [5] (a) Discuss in brief the essential features of the following under central excise law and give one example of each :

- (i) Specific rates of duty :
- (ii) Tariff values; and
- (iii) Duty based on MRP.

(2 marks each)

(**b**) An excisable product is covered under the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 and falls in the category of 'specified goods' subject to excise duty on the basis of retail sale price. Following particulars are made available.

MRP printed on the package is Rs.10,894 per unit. The price is inclusive of excise duty of 14% and education and secondary and higher education cess at the currently applicable rates as per the Finance Act, 2008.

Compute the assessable value, excise duty and cess payable if it is eligible for an abatement of 38%. (5 marks)

(c) Distinguish between conditions for availing CENVAT credit in respect of 'duty' paid on inputs and 'duty paid on capital goods. (4 marks)
2009 - Dec [6] (a) Write a note on 'compounded levy scheme' under the central excise law. (5 marks)

(b) "Circulars of the Central Board of Excise and Customs cannot prevail over law laid down by the Apex Court." Examine the statement, considering the relevant provisions of the Central Excise Act, 1944 read with Article 141 of the Constitution of India and the relevant case(s) decided by the Apex court.

(5 marks)

Chapter - 7: Custom Laws

2009 - Dec [4] {C} Or (c) In the following events, state when does the taxable event occur in the course of imports under the customs law with reference to the principles laid down by the Supreme Court in the cases of *Garden Silk Mils Ltd. Vs. Union of India;* and *Kiran Spinning Mills Vs. CC :*

- (i) Unloading of imported goods at the customs port;
- (ii) Date of entry into Indian territorial waters;
- (iii) Date on which the goods cross the customs barrier; and
- (iv) Date of presentation of bill of entry.

(5 marks)

2009 - Dec [7] (a) Following particulars are available in respect of certain goods imported into India :

FOB price : US\$30,000

Exchange rate :

Notified by RBI Rs.50 =US\$1

Notified by CBEC Rs.48 =US\$1

Compute the assessable value as per the Customs Act, 1962 and the Customs Valuation (Determination of Value of Imported Goods) Rules, 2007.

(5 marks)

(**b**) A commodity is imported into India from a country covered by a notification issued by the Central Government under section 9A of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975. Following particulars are made available :

CIF value of the consignment : US\$25,000

Quantity imported : 500 kgs.

Exchange rate applicable : Rs.50 = US\$1

Basic customs duty : 20%

Education and secondary and higher education cess as applicable as per the Finance Act, 2008.

As per the notification, the anti-dumping duty will be equal to the difference between the cost of commodity calculated @ US\$70 per kg. and the landed value of the commodity as imported

Appraise the liability on account of normal duties, cess and the antidumping duty.

Assume that only 'basic customs duty' (BCD) and education and secondary and higher education cess are payable. (5 marks) (c) Anand Ltd. has imported certain goods which were confiscated on the grounds that the appellant had mis-declared some goods in terms of value and some were found mis-declared in terms of description, value and quality and that personal penalty was imposed on the company and its directors. Critically examine the above facts and the justifiability of the action taken, having regard to relevant recent judicial rulings. (5 marks)

Chapter - 10: Basic Concepts of International Taxation

2009 - Dec [8] Attempt the following :

- (ii) Explain how the arm's length price in relation to an international transaction is computed under the comparable uncontrolled price method as per Rule 10B of the Income-tax Rules, 1962. (5 marks)
- (iii) Discuss the modes of granting relief under avoidance of double taxation agreements and the effect of such agreements between the Government of India and the governments of other countries under section 90A of the Income-tax Act, 1961. (5 marks)

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 (iv) Explain the salient features of the tax incentives available to foreign institutional investors (FIIs) under the provisions of section-115AD of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

Chapter - 11: Advance Ruling and Tax Planning

2009 - Dec [8] Attempt the following :

 (i) Several Indian companies are migrating abroad to minimise their tax obligations and to avail of lower rates of tax. Discuss with reference to our current levels of tax on incomes. (5 marks)

Chapter - 12: Taxation of Inbound Transactions

2009 - Dec [8] Attempt the following :

(v) Explain the powers of the Authority for Advance Rulings in regard to rejection of an application and modification of an order. (5 marks)
 Chapter - 14: Objective Questions

2009 - Dec [1] {C} (a) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given options in respect of the following :

- (i) Which of the following does not fall under the State List as stipulated in the Article 246 read with Schedule VII of the Constitution of India—
 - (a) Excise on alcoholic liquors and narcotics
 - (b) Taxes on consumption and sale of electricity
 - (c) Taxes on advertisements in newspapers
 - (d) Taxes on advertisements other than those contained in newspapers.
- (ii) If a company assessee has not filed the prescribed income-tax return within the prescribed time limit, carry forward of losses sustained under the head 'profits and gains of business or profession' or 'capital gains' and its set-off will not be permitted as per the provisions of—
 - (a) Section 139 (3) read with section 80
 - (b) Section 139 (1)
 - (c) Section 139 (4)
 - (d) Section 139 (5).
- (iii) Credit of Minimum Alternate Tax(MAT) in respect of excess amount of tax paid under section 115JB could be carried forward from assessment year 2006-07 onwards for—
 - (a) 5 Assessment years
 - (b) 7 Assessment years
 - (c) 8 Assessment years
 - (d) 4 Assessment years.
- (iv) Which of the following reflects the correct position regarding the binding powers of the Central Board of Direct Taxes(CBDT) —
 - (a) The instructions of the CBDT are binding on the department and the assessee.

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- (b) Courts are bound by the instructions of the CBDT.
- (c) The instructions are binding on the department, but not on the assessee.
- (d) The instructions by the CBDT may impose a burden on the assessee.
- (v) An association of persons and body of individuals who are subject to tax audit in the immediately preceding financial year, making payment to resident contractor under section 194C—
 - (a) Are not liable to deduct tax at source
 - (b) Shall be liable to deduct tax at source
 - (c) Are liable to deduct tax at source, if the turnover during the current year exceeds Rs. 40 lakh

(d) None of the above. (1 mark each)(b) Re-write the following sentences after filling-in the blank spaces with appropriate word(s)/figure(s) :

- (i) Section 2(23A) defines 'foreign company' as a company, which is
 ______. However, all non-Indian companies are not necessarily
- (ii) The Appellate Tribunal's decision would have _____ within the jurisdiction and has a _____value outside the concerned jurisdiction.
- (iii) A loss incurring company and a profit making company may ______in order to reduce the overall incidence of ______ under the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- (iv) Depreciation on a generator purchased and kept as stand by will be allowed in spite of the same not put to use, as it has _____ use by the assessee during the year.
- (v) The return of income has to be signed by the ______in the case of company and in his absence by one the ______.(1 mark each)

2009 - Dec [2] (a) State, with reasons in brief, whether the following statements are correct or incorrect :

- (i) Taxes on income and corporation tax are collected by the Central Government and distributed between the Union and States.
- (ii) Companies formed under section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956 without any profit motive, trade, professional or similar associations become liable to tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961 under certain circumstances.
- (iii) The minimum penalty for repayment of deposits in contravention of section 269T is Rs.25,000 and is imposed by the Assessing Officer.
 (2 marks each)

2009 - Dec [4] $\{C\}$ (a) choose the appropriate answer from the given options in respect of the following :

- (i) For the purpose of central excise, the following is a 'manufacture' —
 (a) Filteration /purification of commercial grade castor oil
 - (b) Cutting and polishing of diamonds
 - (c) Testing and quality control
 - (d) Making coffee beans from raw coffee berries.
- (ii) Under the central excise law, the following are not 'goods'-
 - (a) Immovable iron and steel structures
 - (b) Structures like bridges, lock gates, towers, trusses and column frames in their movable state
 - (c) Plates, rods, angles, sections, section tubes and like in their preassembled or disassembled state
 - (d) PSC girders manufactured in casting yard and not at site and then taken for lunch on sub-structure.
- (iii) Levy of excise duty in respect of the following does not fall within the exclusive powers conferred on the Parliament /Union Government by the Constitution of India—
 - (a) Tobacco and other goods
 - (b) Medicinal and toilet preparations
 - (c) Medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcoholic liquor, opium or narcotics
 - (d) Alcoholic liquors for human consumption, opium and narcotic drugs.
- (iv) In determination of the value of imported goods, the following costs are not to be added if they are not already included in the invoice price
 - (a) Commission and brokerage.
 - (b) Cost of containers which are treated as being one with the goods for customs purpose.
 - (c) Buying commission
 - (d) Cost of packing whether labour or materials.
- (v) The form for 'bill of entry' for warehousing is printed on
 - (a) White paper
 - (b) Yellow paper
 - (c) Green paper
 - (d) Light pink paper.
- (vi) For offences committed under sections 132 to 135 of the Customs Act, 1962, a court shall take cognizance —
 - (a) Suo motu
 - (b) When it is brought to the notice of a court by anybody

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- (c) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner of Customs
- (d) None of the above.
- (vii) An *ad hoc* exemption from customs duty to non-government organisation will be issued subject to condition
 - (a) That the imported goods will not be put to any commercial use
 - (b) That the imported goods will not be sold, gifted or parted by the importer in any manner.
 - (c) That (a) and (b), as above, along with prior permission of the Ministry of Finance.

(d) None of the above. (1 mark each)(b) Re-write the following sentences after filling-in the blank spaces with

appropriate word(s)/figure(s) :

- (i) As per the Customs Valuation (Determination of Value of Imported Goods) Rules,2007, the term 'produced' includes______.
- (ii) Under section 13 of the Customs Act, 1962, duty is not payable on pilferred goods only in case where the goods are pilferred after the unloading and before the issue of _____.
- (iii) Section 18 of the Customs Act, 1962 provides for _____ of duty.
- (iv) Any goods on which import duty has not been paid and which are entered for exportation under section 74 of the Customs Act, 1962 shall be, liable to _____ under section 113 of the Act.
- (v) It follows from the definition of 'excise duties' that for anything to be liable to excise duties it must be goods and _____ and it must be produced or manufactured in India.
- (vi) Recording of sound or other phenomena on audio or video tape _____ under excise law.
- (vii) If the raw material is supplied on principal to principal basis (e.g. Bala Ltd. supplies raw materials to job workers), the supplier is _____ under excise law.
- (viii) Under section 35(1), any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under the Central Excise Act, 1944 by an officer lower in rank than a Commissioner may appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals) by filling an appeal within _____ from the date of communication of the order contested.
- 2009 Dec [8] Attempt the following :
 - (vi) Re-write the following sentences after filling-in the blank spaces with appropriate word(s)/figure(s):
 - (a) The credit for taxes paid______ should be allowed in the year in which the foreign taxed income is ______ in India.
 - (b) Under the income test, a foreign corporation is considered a passive foreign investment company (PFIC) if ______percent or more of

the foreign corporation's gross income for the taxable year consist of passive income.

- (c) Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Model Convention (OECD-MC) defines double taxation as 'the imposition of ______in two (or more) States on same tax payer in respect of the same subject matter and for identical periods.'
- (d) Rule 10A (a) dealing with the Transfer Pricing Regulations defines an 'uncontrolled transaction' to mean a transaction between enterprise other than ______whether resident or non-resident.
- (e) Anti-dumping and countervailing duties are imposed under the _____Act. (1 mark each)

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